

# Quizlet

## Standard 7 Nationalism (Ch 24)/ Imperialism (Ch25)

Study online at [quizlet.com/\\_dnxap](http://quizlet.com/_dnxap)

- British East India Company** A joint stock company that controlled most of India during the period of imperialism. This company controlled the political, social, and economic life in India for more than 200 years.
- Congress of Vienna** Meeting of representatives of European monarchs called to reestablish the old order after the defeat of Napoleon
- Discrimination** unfair treatment of a person or group on the basis of prejudice
- Imperialism** A policy in which a strong nation seeks to dominate other countries politically, socially, and economically.
- Nationalism** a strong feeling of pride in and devotion to one's country
- Otto Van Bismarck** Prussian leader of German unification/nationalism movement
- Raj** British rule in India
- Social Darwinism** The application of ideas about evolution and "survival of the fittest" to human societies - particularly as a justification for their imperialist expansion
- Suez Canal** A canal linking the Red Sea to the Mediterranean Sea. It was a vital trade route in the British Empire during imperialism, and continues to link North Africa and Europe to Asia today.
- Unification** mergers of politically divided but culturally similar lands

# Quizlet

## Standard 7 WWI (Ch 26)

Study online at [quizlet.com/\\_dnxbv](http://quizlet.com/_dnxbv)

- Balfour Declaration** British document that promised land in Palestine as homeland for Jews in exchange for Jews help in WWI
- Bolsheviks** Led by Vladimir Lenin it was the Russian communist party that took over the Russian government during WWI
- Genocide** systematic killing of a racial or cultural group
- League of Nations** An organization of nations formed after World War I to promote cooperation and peace.
- Stalemate** Deadlock in which neither side is able to defeat the other
- Total War** the channeling of a nation's entire resources into a war effort
- Treaty of Versailles** the treaty imposed on Germany by the Allied powers in 1920 after the end of World War I which demanded exorbitant reparations from the Germans
- Triple Alliance** Alliance between Germany, Italy, Austria Hungary
- Triple Entente** An alliance between Great Britain, France and Russia in the years before WWI.
- Vladimir Lenin** Russian founder of the Bolsheviks and leader of the Russian Revolution and first head of the USSR (1870-1924)